

INSIGHTS

Into The Weekly Parsha

בס"ד

OCTOBER 13, 2018

This week's Insights is dedicated in loving memory of
Shmuel Yakov Ben Tzvi Hirsh.

VOLUME 9, ISSUE 2

4 CHESHVAN

Based on the Torah of our Rosh HaYeshiva HaRav Yochanan Zweig

PARSHAS NOACH

Throwing a Brick

Each man said to his friend, "Come, let us make bricks and burn them in the fire." And the brick served for them as stone and the asphalt for mortar. And they said, "Come, let us build us a city and a tower with its top in the heavens..." (11:3-4).

At the end of this week's *parsha* we find the well known story of the Tower of Bavel, which took place at a time when many of the descendants of Noach migrated to a specific area so that they could all dwell together. They were united with a single language and single purpose: To build a tower and commence an attack on Hashem.

Yet the Torah's description of the events is atypical. First, the Torah goes out of its way to relate the discussion of the construction process ("*let us make bricks and burn them in the fire*") and seems to needlessly elaborate on why they needed bricks in the first place (to serve in place of stone). The Torah relating these seemingly unimportant details is very curious.

Secondly, and even stranger, the discussion on the purpose of these bricks follows the description of making the bricks. Meaning, it is only after they start making bricks that they resolve to build a city and a tower to reach the heavens. Ordinarily, a story would begin with what is trying to be accomplished and then the process as to how the plan is implemented. However, here it seems that they only conceived of building a city and a tower after creating the construction process.

Lastly, the tower of Bavel is quite well known, but one generally doesn't hear of much regarding the city of Bavel which

seems to be an integral part of the story. In fact, when Hashem descends, as it were, to see what's going on the Torah says that "*Hashem descended to see the city and the tower.*" What is this emphasis on the city?

This story, which occurred over 3,500 years ago, holds a remarkable lesson that is incredibly relevant to our times. This is the story of the onset of technology. Prior to this, man used to quarry stone or use wood to construct his home. This meant there was a constant reminder that we are living in a natural world with a creator. The concept of being able to manufacture your own materials to construct a huge city and an accompanying tower meant that mankind has now seized power over his environment. It was this technological advance that spurred the rebellion against God. Not much has changed.

In the last hundred years, the world has seen significant advancements in almost every field of study and this has led to unprecedented technological innovations. From air travel to atomic bombs to vastly extending the human life expectancy, the world bears little resemblance to the thousands of years of history that were mostly technologically stagnant. Even the technological advances of the past two decades are beyond what anyone living in the mid-20th century could have ever imagined.



Yet, as we as a society continue to advance technologically, there seems to be a parallel decline and deterioration in moral values and overall "life satisfaction." What was once considered murder is now readily acceptable behavior and what was considered perverse is now deemed a life style choice. There is an ever growing population of individuals who turn to medicine, illegal drugs, or alcohol to make their lives more bearable. Even the outwardly "most successful" individuals are often in therapy for a variety of issues. Why would the greatest advances in life lead to a less fulfilling one?

The answer is that the world has become a monument to mankind. Society has gone from being theocentric to self-centered. Technology has given mankind a "God complex" making us believe that we are in control of our destiny and we are the very focus of our existence. We have decided that the sole purpose of the world is to serve us and give us pleasure; no wonder mankind's wanton behavior has had a terrible toll and the impact may lead to catastrophic consequences for our world.

Living in a theocentric world, a man has purpose and responsibilities outside of himself. Naturally, he will care about his family, his society, and the world at large. On the other hand, being focused on one's own pleasures naturally leads to unhappiness.

Throwing a Brick Continued...

The physical world is city living, directly obviously limited; likewise contributed to this moral decline and self-centered attitude. Even today, middle America (which is still rural) has mostly remained religious and retained a moral compass. The coastal regions, where most of the largest US cities are located, have become much less so.

Living in a world driven by mankind's technology, we must find a way to understand and internalize that technology is only a tool to do more for our purpose in the world; to create an awareness and a palpable experience of living in a theocentric world.

The industrial revolution, which led to the creation of megacities that changed society from rural living to

the world; to create an awareness and a palpable experience of living in a theocentric world.

TALMUDIC UNIVERSITY CORDIALLY INVITES YOU TO ATTEND ITS

44th Annual Dinner

BUILDING THE FUTURE TODAY

Talmudic University is taking steps to bring a brighter future to its students, the Jewish community of South Florida, and visitors from all over the world. We invite you to take part in this journey with us.



Wednesday EVENING THE 28TH OF November TWENTY-EIGHTEEN

Beth Torah Benny Rok Campus
20350 NE 26th Ave, North Miami Beach, FL

Cocktails 7:15 Dinner 8-9 | Convert \$180 per person | Corporate Table \$5000

Presenting the Ahavas Torah Award to **Dr. Allen & Dr. Amy Wolherman**

Register at talmudicu.edu/dinner

For more information Please Call 305-534-7050 Business Attire

MEMORIAL TRIBUTE to our beloved Mashgiach of over 30 years הרב"ג רוב ישעיה מאיר בן יצחק אריזיק זצ"ל Harav Yeshaya Greenberg zt"l

4000 Alton Road
Miami Beach, FL 33140

To dedicate an issue of Insights please email:
info@talmudicu.edu
or contact us at: (305) 534-7050

Did You Know...

Some interesting facts (from *Midrash Rabbah* 31:10-32:11):

1. There's a dispute regarding what light source was in the *teivah*. One opinion says that Noach made a window, while others say that there was a pearl that gave off light. According to the opinion that it was a pearl, they say that the sun and the moon's light did not reach the Earth during the flood due to clouds (others say that they didn't function at all). Interestingly, the pearl let them know when it was night and day by giving less light during the day.
2. According to one opinion the *teivah* had 900 rooms, each 12 by 12 feet (about the typical size of a room on a modern cruise ship).
3. According to Rashi, the bottom floor was for waste, the second floor had the animals, and Noach and his family were on the top floor. Some opinions in the Midrash switch the bottom and top floors, which must have involved a complicated waste disposal system.
4. Noach even took demons on to the *teivah* to save them.
5. The fish didn't die because they never sinned and in the deep ocean they were safe.

This week's *parsha* is about Hashem's decree to flood the Earth, and what happened in the aftermath of this epic flood. Hashem commands Noach to build the *teivah* (ark) and fill it with his family and all the animals in order to save them from the flood. We thought it might interesting to contrast the *teivah* with one of the most famous ships in modern history: the RMS Titanic.

Teiva vs. Titanic

Time to Build	120 Years	3 Years
Construction Crew	4	15,000
Length	600 Feet	882 Feet
Width	100 Feet	92 Feet
Height	60 Feet	104 Feet
Draught	22 Feet	34 Feet
Decks	3	9
Weight	35,741 Tons	46,328 Tons
Length of Service	378 Days	5 Days



Scan to subscribe and receive Insights via email