AUGUST 24, 2019

This week's Insights is dedicated to the memory of an individual who was instrumental to the development of the Yeshiva's campus: Mr. Sami Rohr of blessed memory. "May his Neshama have an Aliya!"

VOLUME 9, ISSUE 40

23 AV

Based on the Torah of our Rosh HaYeshiva HaRav Yochanan Zweig

PARSHAS EIKEV

It's the Little Things that Count

Therefore it shall come to pass, if you fulfill these laws, and keep, and do them, then Hashem your God shall keep with you the covenant and the kindness which he swore to your fathers (7:12).

will keep the covenant and kindnesses friendship. promised to our forefathers. Rashi (ad loc), surprisingly, says that the mitzvos that are being referred to here are those that we trample underfoot – in other words, this refers to mitzvos that we feel are insignificant.

Mizrachi (ad loc) wonders why Rashi is verse! What compelled Rashi to explain would do the same for them. the *possuk* in this manner?

the other young immediately make your way over there.

Now imagine receiving a call at two in the morning from this very same neighbor, Observing, in particular, the mitzvos that but instead he asks you to go to one would tend to see as trivial are the Walgreens to pick up a jar of pickles and real indicators of the strength of our then go to 7-11 to get some ice cream for bond with Hashem. That is why it is the his wife who suddenly has an intense observance of these mitzvos that craving for pickles and ice cream. In this guarantee that Hashem will fulfill the scenario you would hardly be as covenant that accommodating. You might just begin to forefathers.

This week's parsha begins with outlining wonder whether or not your friend has the basis of our relationship with lost his mind, and you would surely Hashem; if we keep the mitzvos Hashem question the long term viability of this

Yet, for some inexplicable reason, a wife has no qualms about asking her husband to get out of bed at two in the morning and pick up items that would satisfy her cravings. Why? The answer, of course, lies in the nature of the relationship. When you are closely connected to limiting the fulfillment in the verse to someone you might ask things of them those types of mitzvos. In fact, it seems that seem insignificant because they contrary to the simple reading of the know if the situation were reversed you

This applies to our relationship with Imagine for a moment, that you received Hashem as well, and particularly in how a call from your neighbor at two in the we fulfill the mitzvos. Obviously it is morning begging you to come over crucially important to fast on Yom Kippur, because his wife had unexpectedly gone but does that really comment on the into labor and they need someone to strength of the bond as it relates to come over right away to stay in the house fulfilling all that Hashem desires of us? children. Not really. In fact, there are many Undoubtedly, you, like most people, marginally connected Jews that fast on would respond in the affirmative and Yom Kippur, but otherwise do very little else that Hashem asks of us throughout the year.

> he promised



In this week's parsha, it says that Hashem will send (according to Rashi) a flying insect known as "tzirah" to attack our enemies, so that even those who are hiding will be destroyed. Rashi (ad loc) explains that the venom that these insects discharge can cause impotency and blindness.

- 1. Some authorities identify the tzirah here with the hornet, Vespa Orientalis (see Living Torah by Rabbi Arveh Kaplan).
- It was a species known to multiply in times of war.
- It was a honey-producing insect (Makh'shirim 6:4).
- 4. In Talmudic times, it was also known to be dangerous (Shabbos 80b; Taanis 14a).
- 5. According to others, tzirah denotes a kind of plague (Saadia; Ibn Janach; Radak; Sherashim).
- 6. It's possibly related to leprosy (Ibn Ezra).
- The Gemara (Shabbos 80) relates an incident whereby one of these wasps stung a certain Galilean and he died from it.

(Continued on Reverse)

Living for Martyrdom?

And it will come to be, if you diligently listen to my commandments which I command you this day, to love Hashem your G-d... (11:13)

Rashi (ad loc), quoting the Sifri, explains If we aren't supposed to do the mitzvos in level of good is an immortal relationship to receive reward, but rather to fulfill the aren't doing the mitzvos for the reward? mitzvos out of love for Hashem. Rashi continues, "One should not say 'I will study Torah in order to become rich; I will study in order to be called a Rav; I will study in order to receive reward...' but rather all that one does should be done out of love." Rashi is clearly articulating that we do the mitzvos because we have a relationship with Hashem, not because of the reward.

This is akin to what Chazal teach in *Pirkei* Avos (1:3), "Antignos of Socho used to say: 'Do not be as servants who serve the Master to receive reward. Rather, be as servants who serve the Master not to receive reward.""

comment on this verse with a very perplexing statement, "and in the end the honor will surely come..." Therefore, even drives this bizarre behavior. In other though one isn't supposed to focus on the reward for doing the mitzvos, one immortal and live forever in the hearts shouldn't worry as the reward will surely and minds of others? By becoming a follow. Rashi is seemingly undoing the sacrifice for the cause. lesson that he just taught! It's almost as if we are supposed to do all the mitzvos "altruistically" - wink, wink - knowing all the while that, ultimately, we really are receiving reward.

that the rewards bestowed upon one who order to receive reward, then what's the with the Almighty. Therefore, everything follows all of the mitzvos come as a result point of making assurances that in the end that we do is out of love for Hashem, not of loving Hashem. In other words, one is you will receive reward? Aren't we out of compulsion to achieve recognition not supposed to do the *mitzvos* in order supposed to grow to the level where you for ourselves. The word korban is

> The answer lies in understanding why people commit acts of martyrdom and self -sacrifice. Why, to a lesser extent, do so many people practice hero worship, create fan clubs, and walk around dressed as comic or movie characters? The answer How do we know that we are in a is they all seek recognition. There is a gnawing emptiness in their lives that they seek to fill, and being recognized in such a way gives meaning to their lives. True, this meaning is pretty shallow, but it does create a fleeting moment where the person feels relevant.

In an extreme situation, one may actually commit self-destructive acts to fill this void. In fact, the more seemingly altruistic The trouble is that Rashi ends his and self-sacrificial the act is, the more recognition they receive. Paradoxically, it seems that it is the survival instinct that words, how does someone become

> Judaism abhors this behavior (a clear reason why Christianity was a nonstarter alternative). Our whole understanding of why the world was created is based on the bestowal of good on mankind. The highest

commonly translated as sacrifice, but this is not really an accurate translation. The word korban comes from the root word "karov-to be close." Meaning, the highest level of service to Hashem was a way to achieve a closer relationship.

relationship with Hashem and that it isn't merely a master ordering his slaves to be obedient? How do we know that Hashem doesn't want us to act in a self-sacrificing way? Because, as Rashi points out, the motivation for the *mitzvos* must be our love for Hashem. Still, you might ask, but who's to say that this is a two way relationship, perhaps it is like idol worship which is entirely one way?

Because, Hashem assures us that the reward is going to come in the end. Just like in a healthy marriage we (hopefully) don't act in a quid pro quo way, that is, we don't expect the wife to make dinner for her husband because he did the shopping and now she feels obligated. We all want our spouses to do things for us out of love, not obligation. That is why Rashi finishes with "in the end the reward will come." Knowing that Hashem is interested in rewarding us tells us we are in a loving relationship, and not in an altruistic selfsacrificial one.

Did You Know Continued...

Additionally, the type of hornet thought to be the tzirah—the Vespa Orientalis—is very interesting:

- Their stings are very painful to humans, and their stingers can be used multiple times. Because of this, a person can die from just one hornet, if stung multiple times.
- They can transmit some serious diseases, which can also affect fruits and plants.
- They have specialized antennas that enable them to harvest solar energy and store it in their heads, which helps them work during the day so that they could burrow and build their nests (underground).



